HLA25769 2T7 S.L.C.

## 119TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. RES.

Designating September 2025 as "National Infant Mortality Awareness Month", raising awareness of infant mortality, and increasing efforts to reduce infant mortality.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mrs. Hyde-Smith (for herself and Mr. Ossoff) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on

## RESOLUTION

- Designating September 2025 as "National Infant Mortality Awareness Month", raising awareness of infant mortality, and increasing efforts to reduce infant mortality.
- Whereas the term "infant mortality" refers to the death of a baby before the first birthday of the baby;
- Whereas the United States ranks 33rd out of the 38 countries in the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) for infant mortality rate, with 5.4 deaths per 1,000 live births;
- Whereas high rates of infant mortality are especially prevalent in African American, Native American, Alaskan Native, Latino, Asian, and Hawaiian and other Pacific Islander communities, communities with high rates of un-

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- employment and poverty, and communities with limited access to medical providers;
- Whereas premature birth and low birth weight are leading causes of infant mortality;
- Whereas the United States spends nearly twice as much on health care as other OECD countries;
- Whereas infant mortality can be substantially reduced through community-based services, such as outreach, home visitation, care coordination, health education, interconceptional care, and paternal involvement;
- Whereas support for community-based programs to reduce infant mortality may result in lower future spending on medical interventions, special education, and other social services that may be needed for infants and children born with a low birth weight;
- Whereas the Department of Health and Human Services has implemented the Newborn Supply Kit program;
- Whereas the Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (PRAMS) provides information that is vital to addressing preterm birth rates and conditions that put babies at risk;
- Whereas the Maternal and Child Health Bureau Healthy Start program has invested in communities facing high rates of infant mortality and maternal illness to improve health outcomes before, during, and after pregnancy;
- Whereas the Advisory Committee on Infant Mortality provides advice and recommendations to the Secretary of Health and Human Services on improving the health status of infants and pregnant women and on a national strategy for reducing infant mortality;

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Whereas the Secretary of Health and Human Services is encouraged to partner with educational institutions and States to increase maternal health and infant health initiatives; and

Whereas public awareness and education campaigns on infant mortality are held during the month of September each year: Now, therefore, be it

1	Resolved, That the Senate—
2	(1) designates September 2025 as "National
3	Infant Mortality Awareness Month";
4	(2) supports efforts—
5	(A) to educate people in the United States
6	about infant mortality and the factors that con-
7	tribute to infant mortality; and
8	(B) to reduce infant deaths, low birth
9	weight, pre-term births, and disparities in
10	perinatal outcomes;
11	(3) recognizes the critical importance of includ-
12	ing efforts to reduce infant mortality and the factors
13	that contribute to infant mortality as part of preven-
14	tion and wellness strategies; and
15	(4) calls on the people of the United States to
16	observe National Infant Mortality Awareness Month

with appropriate programs and activities.

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